The Wilmington Post.

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WILMINGTON POST ADVERTISING RATES.

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All communications on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

Political.

In Colorado, Senator Chaffee declines a reelection, and the selection is doubtful.

The Chicago *Inter Ocean* truly says:—

"Let the south understand the question perfectly.

There is not the slightest disposition in the north to prevent the able Democratic statesmen of South Carolina, or Louisiana, or Mississippi from gaining as many converts among the colored people as they can procure by fair means. Argument, entreaty, promises of eternal friendship, are all legitimate, and no one questions their perfect right to employ all of these.

What the north objects to is threats of violence to compel any man to vote contrary to his convictions or not to vote at all."

The Butler—Corbin, Senatorial case is being agitated, Senator Cameron of Wisconsin, Chairman of the Sub committee on the case has made a report which is a legal one and it decides that the fifty-nine members of the House of Representatives, who organized the House and voted for Corbin, were a majority of all the members chosen and constituted a quorum, the members from Edgefield and Laurens counties not holding certificates of election in accordance with the laws of the state. This House, acting with the unquestioned Senate, composed the legal Legislature, and by a legal proceeding elected Mr. Corbin United States Senator, and his election was in all respects valid.

Senator Burnside has reported the conclusions arrived at by the Joint Committee on the Reorganization of the Army. The abstract sent from Washington indicates several radical changes in the present organization of the Army. Gen. Sherman's plan of making the battalion the unit of the force has been adopted, and one battalion in each regiment of infantry, cavalry, and artillery is to remain unofficered and unmanned, but ready to be equipped whenever circumstances shall require. The reductions in the number of officers are large—333 being dispensed with. By consolidating the departments of Inspector-General and Adjutant-General, 6 officers are taken from the active list. In the Quartermaster's Department there is a reduction of 48 officers; in the Subsistence Department, 11; Pay Department, 27; Ordnance, 49; Bureau of Military Justice, 6; and Chaplains, 8. There is to be a consolidation of regiments, and the whole plan, if adopted, is to be worked out by a board, which must begin operations July 1, 1879, and finish during that year.

It has been brought to the attention of the President and the Attorney-General by eminently reliable authority in Louisiana that in the vicinity of the Ouachita river, in that state "two hundred colored men have been whipped since the the recent election, with the view of compelling them to testify before the grand jury of the parish of Ouachita that two well-known and esteemed white citizens, Republicans, had tried to instigate the colored people to rise against the whites." During the investigatton just had of the preposterous charge by the grand jury, one of their number, who was familiar with the facts, compelled the witnesses to remove their clothes, when their backs were found to be crusted with scabs, the result of recent whippings. Thereupon, with much reluctance and great trepidation, they (the witnesses) confessed to the whippings and threats of still greater punishment if they failed to testify as they were directed.

The white Republicans alluded to are natives of Louisiana, and men of high social and political standing, but have given mortal offence to their political enemies by advocating the Republican principles and denouncing Democratic outrages. Had the grand jury indicted them, as was intended, they would have been placed in jail and then mobbed and butchered, as the Coushatta prisoners were some time ago.

On the other hand, the fifty-seven members of the House who met in Carolina Hall, on account of the illegality of the title of the Edgefield and Laurens delegates to seats, lacked two of being a legal quorum. This illegal body acted with a body claiming to be the Senate, though having six less than a majority of that body, and proceeded to elect Butler United States Senator. The full legal Senate, with a legal quorum, never in any way recognized the illegal House. The report throughout supports the claim of Corbin and denies that of Butler; but it goes still further and takes the postion that if all be admitted that Butler claims for the Carolina Hall body—namely, that it was lawfully organized and had a legal quorum present—while this would invalidate Corbin's title, it would not make Butler's valid, since a single, isolated House of Representatives cannot by any process of reasoning be held to constitute the Legislature of South Carolina, and whether or not Corbin is elected, Butler has no shadow of a claim. Under this report, if the Senate cannot see its way clear to seat Corbin, it must certainly unseat Butler.

A correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* writing from Selma, Ala., says:—

At the election in November thousand of colored Republican voters in this district (with its 16,000 Republican majority) were deprived of the right o voting for member of Congress, &c., most of the large Republican precincts Democratic officials secured possession of the ballot boxes, pollists, &c., and kept themselves hid all day, thus preventing the opening of the polls. Thousands of colored voters remained around the polls throughout the day, waiting for their opening. But they waited in vain. The Democratic party has control of all the election machinery in this state. Democratic Judges appoint all the election managers; Democrats make up the returns, and Democratic Supervisors do the counting. In this large Republican district there was not one single Republican election official appointed.

In the Second District, which is very close, but which really has a fair Republican majority, the Greenbackers nominated a candidate in opposition to Herbert, the Democratic nominee and present member. The Republicans supported the Greenbacker as a choice of evils.

It was known throughout the state that Herbert's renomination gave great offence to the Democracy; that large numbers of white men in every county of the district publicly made known their determination to support Armstrong, the Greenback candidate. On the night of the election it was believed thrt Armstrong had been elected. The returns from the various counties footed up a fair majority for Armstrong. But the Democratic managers had the Supervisors of two counties, remote from the railroad, to hold back their returns until all the others were in. No efforts to get news from those two counties were successful. At last they came up with overwhelming majorities for Herbert—majorities so large that every just man in Alabama must admit that they are the result of fraud.

State Political.

The Chowan *Gazette* is a good deal distressed at the waning strength of the Democratic party. It asks, significantly, "Are the people disgusted with both parties? Have they lost heart and interest in public affairs?" "It is evident that for some reason or other the Democracy is losing its hold upon the masses, and so is the Republican."

The fence law will probably become in a measure a political question in this state. If the legislature pass a fence law, they will make a great many people very mad. If they don't pass any law relating to that subject there will be a good deal of dissatisfaction. Fencing is a very expensive business, but it is common to all civilized countries. We hope no law will pass, preventing anybody from putting as many fences on his own land as he pleases.

X. X. Robbins is announced as a compromise candidate for U. S. Senator. "Let us have peace."

When the State government was in the hands of the "Radicals" the Democratic whangdoodle cry was "extravagance and turn 'em out;" and now the Democratic officials get 50 per cent, more pay than did the "Radicals," by taking the same salaries and decreased cost of living—the people meanwhile having no reduction of taxes, to pay which they are forced to sell the products of their labor at half what was obtained under "Radical rule."—*Statesville American.*

The travelling correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* favors us with this item:

Judge Settle, now of Florida, formerly of this state, is spoken of as the nominee for Vice-President on the Republican ticket. The Republicans think that Grant and Settle would carry North Carolina and Florida. Judge Settle spent the summer with his family at Reidsville in this state, and is still there. I saw him a few days ago, and spoke of the political outlook. The Judge believes in strong Government, and will gladly play left hand to Grant's right.

Some of the Democratic papers in this state have taken occasion to praise in extravagant terms, a late decision made by Judge Bryan, United States District Judge for South Carolina, in which he says that a Deputy Marshal has no right to a transfer of his case from the state Courts to the United States Courts, unless the alleged act was done under color of his office. This is as it should be. But why should these papers refuse to praise in Judge Dick that which they seem to think so meritorious? Judge Dick has repeatedly decided the same question in the *North State.*

It is probable that Mr. Eustis, the present Senator from Louisiana, will be re-elected.

Business Prospects

The *Herald* has sent a correspondent into different states to secure as far as possible information in regard to the prospects for coming business. He writes cheerfully from Hartford as follows:

There can be no question that the general condition of the state has undergone a decided improvement within the past few months—not rapid, but steady and sure. Manufacturers, farmers, all classes of employers, in fact, see brighter times a head—not the flush days of before the panic, but more of the steady business of antebellum times. Recovering from the great depression of several years past they find contentment in more limited, but safer business, and small and certain instead of speculative profits—such profits as are fair with fixed standards of value, rather than those that might be reaped at the corresponding amount that might be lost in the fluctuations of the markets under the operations of an unstable currency. While manufacturers and farmers may not have made any considerable profits last year they have certainly done better than in the two or three years past, and they are looking forward with confidence to the year to come

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The manufactories of metal goods, the silverware factories of Meriden, brass works of Waterbury, bronze and iron goods of New Britain, arms, carriages, &c., of New Haven, woolen factories of Rockville and elsewhere, the clock works of Bristol, Thomaston, &c., the hat business of the western, cotton and woollen industries of the eastern, and the silk business radiating the smaller places from the great Cheney focus, alike feel the impetus of better times. In illustration of this fact no better proofs can be given than condensed quotations from the daily press during the past three months and facts obtained through personal investigation.

He says that the general feeling in Connecticut is that the hard times are nearly if not quite at an end, and that henceforward manufactures of all kinds will improve; that real estate is graudally improving; that there are increased orders and sales of mechanical products; and that there is a general starting up and liveliness.

Things do not look quite so well in Rhode Island, but there is a healthy and steady improvement. He says:

Mr. Cameron is confident that the people are more hopeful now than they have been for a long time, and he predicts the speedy revival of all kinds of business. In common with others he believes that the result of the recent elections has had a great deal to do toward creating a degree of confidence in business circles. The people in Rhode Island, however, were not seriously disturbed in regard to the recent state elections, and they did not in the least predict the success of either Greenback or Democratic candidates for Congress or other important offices.

* * * * * *

It is believed that the resumption of specie payments will give stability to values, and that it will be the means of working a gradual improvement in business. The manufacturing business, however, is the great fountain-head. It is believed that as this memorable panic, so it will be one of the last to feel the expected and long hoped for change. It was nearly a year after the panic before the ordinary distributing trade was affected here.

The correspondent adds that this little but very wealthy state was injured very much by the down fall of the Spragues, who toppled over with $8,000,000, and with a business which had ramifications which affected the whole of that hive of industry. With good, solid money, and moderately increased orders for their manufactures business will gradually revive to the standard of the old prosperity.

Raising Capital.

About fifty years back two young fellows, brothers, went to Jamaica; they were by trade blacksmiths. Finding, soon after their arrival, that they could do nothing without a little money to begin with, but that with $300 they might be able to realize a fortune, they hit upon the following novel and ingenious expedient: One of them stripped the other naked, shaved him close, and blackened him from head to foot. This ceremony being performed, he took him to one of the negro dealers, who was so pleased with the appearance of the young fellow that he advanced $400 currency upon the bill of sale, and prided himself much upon the purchase, supposing him the finest negro on the island. The same evening this manufactured negro made his escape to his brother, washed himself clean, and resumed his former appearance. Rewards were then in vain offered in handbills, pursuit was eluded, and discovery, by care and precaution, rendered impracticable. The brothers with the money commenced business, and actually returned to England, not many years since, with a fortune of $1,000,000. Previous, however, to their departure from the island, they waited upon the gentleman from whom they had received the money, and recalling the circumstance of the negro to his recollection, paid him the principal and interest with thanks.

They are about building a pier in front of the Ocean House, at Long Branch, 661 feet long, and on which 769 quadrilles can be danced.

Latest News.

Mr. Edmunds electoral bill has passed the Senate.

There is great distress in Great Britain among the business men and the laboring classes, and meetings are being held in the great cities for relief.

The state Board of Canvassers have given the certificate to Kitchen for the second district, although the fellow was in a minority of 3000, on the actual vote. This is stealing a District.

Gov. Brogden has introduced a resolution in Congress to investigate certain revenue officers. He charges all sorts of things against these officers, but says the President wont take any notice of what he says.

The Senate has passed the House bill of $450,000, to provide for the deficiency necessary to keep up the Postal Car Service as it existed Dec. 1st, 1878. The last provision will result in taking off several important mails.

The Senate committee under Blaine's resolution consist of Teller of Colorado, Cameron of Wisconsin, Kirkwood of Iowa, Hoar of Massachusetts, and McMillan of Minnesota. Mr. Hoar will probably be designated as Chairman.

A meeting of the southern Senators and members of Congress was held whereat eloquent speeches were made, and resolutions adopted in recognition of the aid rendered by the north to the south, during the affliction of the yellow fever.

Bayard Taylor the American Minister to Berlin has just died at his post of duty, at the age of 53. He was of such remarkable literary powers, and his productions were so voluminous and various, and his life was so earnest and sincere, that we cannot now enter upon anything further than the mere announcement of his death.

The House Committee on Naval affairs has amended the bill heretofore introduced by Mr. Harris of Massachusetts, providing for a board of assistants to the Secretary of the Navy. The board is to be composed of five Chiefs of Bureaus of the Navy Department and three line officers, togetehr with two persons skilled in engineering and construction to be selected either from the navy or from civil life. Instead of appropriating $3,000,000 for the reconstruction of the navy, the committee provides that the proceeds of the sale of condemned and worthless ships shall be applied to that purpose.

CURRENT MATTERS.

Stewarts remains are not found yet.

Senator T.O. Howe, ex-Senator Matt Carpenter, and two or three others, are candidates for Senator Howe's place in Wisconsin.

A decision has just been rendered in St. Louis that the city cannot be held responsible for damages when a person is run over by fire apparatus while hastily answering an alarm.

It is only two years since Mme. Durand the French novelist who writes under the *pseudonyme* of "Henri Greville," first became known to French readers, and at present her works of fiction number more than a dozen.

An American egg preserving company has been established at Shanghai for some time. The object is to preserve eggs in such a manner that they will be useful for cooking at any time and in any climate. The business is entirely export, chiefly to England.

"Tim," said the parson severely "suppose that the Lord should call you just as an oath was on your lips?" "I shouldn't go," said Tim. "Ah! my friend," rejoined the preacher, "you could not escape. We must submit to His laws. We cannot escape the laws of nature." "Then, parson," said Tim, "what made you put up those lightning rods?"—*Boston Transcript.*

The Princess Alice, daughter of Queen Victoria, died at Darmstadt on the 14th, of diptheria. She was born in 1843, and married the Grand Duke of Hesse Darmstadt. The blinds are drawn in all the royal residences in London, and Windsor Castle. The Queen is at Windsor, and Dean Stanley has gone there. The flag on the Castle is at half-mast. The Queen though greatly grieved is not ill. This is the first death among the children of the present royal family.

Minister Kasson, in a letter to the Secretary of State, from Vienna, after speaking of the late reception of the Shah of Persia by the Emperor of Austria, says: "If the United States desired a commercial treaty with the Shah it is very probable a favorable one could now be obtained, which might be of especial advantage to our cotton manufacturers and to some other branches of trade. The whole external trade of Persia is considered to amount annually to from $18,000,000 to $20,000,000."

CITY ITEMS.

The Criminal Court has adjourned.

See fourth page for Boatwright and McKoy's ad.

Mr. A. David is making new overcoats and furnishing hats for the police, in which they will appear on Christmas day.

Let none who are afflicted with chills and fever despond. Dr. Harter's Fever and Ague Specific is a sovereign remedy that has never yet failed to cure. 2t

Mr. W G. Fowler, formerly of this city, was knocked down by some ruffians, with a club, last week, at Moorsville in Iredell county, where he lived, and died on Friday morning.

George Fox, the comedian, "Humpty Dumpty" died from paralysis attributable to the "flake white," laid upon the face for his comic makeup. Let ladies cultivate only the pink and white of health that follow the use of Dr. Harter's Liver Pills and Iron Tonic. 2t

LOCAL NOTICE.—The advertisement of Walters Importing Company, of Cincinnati, O., appears in this paper. They are large dealers and importers of foreign watches, and offer a bankrupt stock of watches, warranted one year for accurate time at only $3 each. They are a reliable firm, and all that desire a good watch, for a small amount of money, should send to this firm and secure a good time-piece 2m

A very heavy storm of wind and rain opened upon us on Saturday morning, at daylight the wind stood about east and then swung around about to south, and a little after 12 a m went back to northeast, roaring and thundering, and back to the south west. The storm flag is up and the wind guage is whirling at such speed that it was impossible to see it.

THE SOUTH ATLANTIC.—This very creditable home Review conducted by Mrs. Cicero W. Harris, comes to our table this month full of interesting matter. The article on the "Botany of North Carolina," though lacking in completeness, contains a large amount of curious information. The writer, Dr. Hunter does not seem to be aware of the existence on the Cape Fear of the *Dionœa Muscipula*, or "Venus Fly Trap," one of the rarest of plants, nor of the fact that there are descendants of William Bertram, the earliest of American botanists, now living on the Cape Fear in Bladen county.

The article on "Fort Barnwell by moonlight," by Judge Cantwell is short but pleasant. There is a lyric from Paul W. Hayne, one of our best lyric poets; and two acts of a drama which, while it takes the name of Eugene Aram, does not pretend to be that work dramatized, but whose defects of measure may be excused on account of its dramatic power.

CITY BRIEFS.——Mr. Henry B. Lane, heretofore the courteous clerk at the Empire House, on Monday took a similar position behind the counter of the Purcell House.——Col. J. R. Davis, formerly of the Purcell House, has taken the Emory House at Weldon, where, we wager, you can hereafter get a good breakfast.——Three young men and a lad, went on a sail on Sunday down the river, when the boat capsized and they hung to her two hours, until they were relieved by the Douglass. Their names were, Geo. Barr, Rufus Skipper, William Wheeler, and Wm. Burke.——Hon. Geo. Davis will deliver an address for the benefit of the widow of Lieut. Benner of the Navy, who sacrificed his life in going to Memphis to relieve the sufferers from yellow fever.——Dugald Clark of Bladen, having been brought before U. S. Commissioner, Ed. Cantwell for selling tobacco without license, was discharged for want of evidence.——John Koener, and his followers will appear on Christmas day, and likewise many horns and fire crackers.——Poor Mademoiselle Lotta got badly strapped here on account of the stupidity of her managers in putting the price of admission to high.——The subject of Geo. Davis's address is "An Episode in Cape Fear History."——The Bar have done honor to the memory of the late Hon. Hugh Waddell by resolutions commemoratory of his gallantry and his virtues, and by graceful funeral addresses by M. London Esq., and the Hon. Ed. Cantwell.——Col. Thomas B. Long was in the city last week on his official tour as Inspector of Post office Department, looking as vigorous as always.——The M. W. Grand Lodge of the F. and A. A. Masons (colored) met at Newberne last week to the number of 400, and transacted important business.——The flag of the British Vice-Consul was at half-mast on the day of the funeral obsequies to Princess Alice.

Christmas is right at hand with its pleasures for the children and for older heads, with its hops, and germans, and sports and jollifications, and family gatherings, and religious ceremonels, we wish all our readers a "merry Christmas."

The entertainment at Tileston upper room given by the Thalian amateurs on Friday was charming. There are few persons in our city who are aware that we have a company in our city who can present light drama in such taste and excellance.

THE CITY DEBT.—A meeting of the citizens and tax payers and bondholders was held at the City Court Room on Thursday evening, to receive the report of their committee appointed to devise ways to manage our city debt. The report of the committee recommended a funding act to take up that part of the bonds due and soon to become due (about $200,000), with interest at six per cent. The Mayor being in the chair, Mr. Henry Nutt moved to strike out that part of the report which recommended that the new funding bonds should be exempted from taxation upon which Major Stedman stated that a recent decision of the U. S. Supreme Court prohibited any city from taxing its own bonds.

Upon this a lively debate sprang up which in some parts was sufficiently rambling and discursive to get rather beyond the city limits, and into the question, "money against labor."—Finally, however, Mr. Nutt's motion was carried, and Messrs. M. Cronly, Donald McRae and James H. Chadbourne were appointed by the Chair, as a committee in accordance with the third resolution of the report, which resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the chairman, to whom shall be given in charge the drafting of the act and all matters pertaining thereto, until its final passage by both branches of the Legislature of this state.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

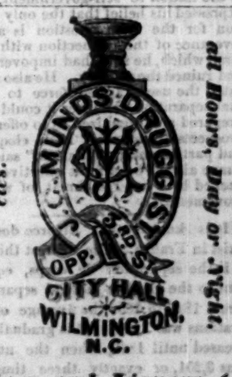
SAINT CLAUSE.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF our friends and patrons that we have just received an additional assortment of fine

Groceries,
Confectionaries,
Candies,
Nuts,
Raisens,
Apples,
Oranges,
Figs,
Cocoanuts,
Fine assorted Crackers, &c., &c.,
Also a Large and Select assortment of Toys,
And Christmas Goods,

Things which will make the Little Folks Happy and the Old Folks Smile.

COOPER & Co.,
No. 10, South Front street next door to George Myers.
Dec. 22



Fancy Goods and Toilet Articles. Prescriptions Compounded at all Hours, Day or Night.

Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use.

march 1—tf

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $2 per day; With Rooms, per month, $35; Table Board, per month $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

jan 28. COBB BROS. Proprietors.

H. D. GILBERT'S BAKERY,

WHERE YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND good fresh BREAD, CAKES of all kinds, and of best material. Also fresh home-made CANDY. H. D. GILBERT, Proprietor. dec 22 tf. 23 South Front Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT,

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Havn't we made prices much higher since we commenced?

Havn't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Havn't we charged you for all the goods delivered?

Havn't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose, as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was), but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL.

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO. are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without; but they promise the ladies that they would never find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drank.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD!

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the native taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at the absence of our usual Sunday morning ad., on account of one of our firm's having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 22 P. L. B. & Co.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 22, 1878.

It is the habit of Democratic newspapers in this part of the country to apply the most vulgar and approbrious terms to the ablest and best statesman of the Republican party. Such terms as "besotted wretch" have been applied quite commonly to General Grant, a man who as a soldier, and a man is in every way the equal, if not the superior of General Lee, as well as a man whose name will go down to posterity in bronze and marble, enveloped in a fame not inferior to that of Washington. The term "rascal" was applied to Senator Morton in his lifetime, a statesman and a man, the latchet of whose shoes no southern statesman was worthy to unloose. It is impossible without the loss of self respect to pay back these infamous epithets, in kind, and so this disgraceful style of speech continues, there is probably no civilized country on the face of the earth were the style of public discussion is of so low and vulgar an order as in this southern country. It not only demoralizes and degrades and brutalizes the public taste and morals, but it offends the sensibilities of the better class of the southern people

MR. BLAINE'S SPEECH

It is not often that the attention of a whole people is arrested by a Senatorial address of so great potency as that which we print this morning. It is not only a terrible arraignment of the southern Democratic managers and their policy, but it is also an unanswerable appeal to the white citizens of the north, and an invincible vindication of the rights of men under the guarantees of constitutional law, While the language is composed and the logical arrangement elaborate, it proceeds with remorseless vigor to the exposure of the gigantic invasion which southern Democrats have made upon the vital principles of our government, and points out with unerring distinctness the evils and dangers which impend over the liberties of individual citizens. It is not strange that under this terrific array of logical conclusions which move forward without mincing or equivocal speech, so staggered the Democrats of the Senate that the ablest among them could only meet this portentous arraignment with puling evasions.

It is not to be doubted that Mr. Blaine has by this masterly forensic discourse at one blow nationalized a local question, and made the wrongs of the colored voters of the south the wrongs of the whole American people. When he showed that Georgia and Alabama with their white voting population of 1,158,000 and their colored of 1,020,000, had seventeen members of Congress, eight of whom were accorded to them on account of the colored vote, while that vote had no voice in the election, he sent a message to every forge and machine shop and farm in the north, which made the case of the colored voter their own, and dignified wrongs committed in the jungles of Alabama and the rice fields of Georgia into a question which aroused the sensibilities of every laborer in the country. And when he showed that in the three states of South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, with their 2,257,000 voters and seventeen members of Congress, nine of whom were given on account of the colored vote, while they had no voice in the election of one of them, he waked up the indignant response, not alone from those august galleries by which he was surrounded, crowded with the great and the powerful, but from the remotest recesses of humble industry and jealous citizenship, But we cannot paraphrase this great effort, and only ask a careful reading of it from our readers.

It is related that no audience ever assembled in the Senate Chamber as great as that which welcomed the speaker on that occasion. There were around him the waving plaudits of every leading element in that polished capital, stern thinkers and scholars and statesmen, envoys and their attaches, beauty and fashion, distancing the decorum of that Chamber in their enthusiastic approval. But the greater applause will be echoed back in the deep intonations of the deep-voiced approval from those citizens, scattered from the Sierras to the rocky cliffs of New England, and from the prairies to the southern savannahs.

The Democratic editors of Okolona, Miss., say that Seamar and Hill have misrepresented us in public councils by saying that we have cheerfully acquiesced in the fruits of the war, when the truth is we have never acquiesced, except, and only except as a matter of stern necessity. If we had our way we would strike down the forced amendments to the Constitution—the fourteenth and fifteenth—and remand the suffrage question to the state Governments, where it properly belongs.

Sylvester Edmond's head is thought to resemble that of the Dolphin Bourbon, the Baron Constable of France of the time of Francis I. A bust of the Constable is in the possession of a member of the late General Cass, of

Circular from the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Secretary Sherman has issued the followirg circular in regard to the resumption of specie payments:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON D. C., Dec. 14, 1878

The following provisions of law and instructions thereunder are published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

"An Act to provide for the resumption Of specie payments."

* * * * * * *

"SECTION 3. * * * And on and after the 1st day of January. A. D. 1879, the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem in coin, the United States legal-tender notes then outstanding, on their presentation for redemption, at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in the city of New York, in sums of not less than $50 * * *

"Approved January 14, 1875."

As the effect of the above section will be to remove any practical difference in the value of coin and notes as a circulating medium after the first of January next, no distinction between them will be made in keeping, rendering, or settling the accounts of public officers, involving transactions which occur subsequently to that date.

Matured coupons of the United States and checks issued by the Treasurer of the United States for interest or principal of the public debt, by law payable in coin, will be paid by the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York upon presentation in coin, or, if the claimant prefers, such coupons and checks will be paid by the said Assistant Treasurer or by any other independent treasury officer in United States notes.

Such registered interest, payable by law in coin, as is paid on schedules a any other cities than New York, will also be paid the claimant in coin by check on the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, which check may be cashed in United States notes if the holder prefer, or, if the claimant prefer, such interest may be paid to him direct in United States notes by the officer charged with the payments of the schedule.

Any check or draft hereafter drawn in payment of a public obligation, by law payable in coin, will have that fact plainly noted thereon.

JOHN SHERMAN Secretary.

An international exhibition of fine arts, the first of a series to take place every four years, will be held in the Crystal Palace at Munich, in 1879. The jury will be elected by the artists of Munich and will award for the Bavarian government medals of gold of the first and second class. The exhibition will open on October 31. Hachette & & Co., of Paris, will shortly publish Orioso's "Oriando Furioso," with 550 illustrations by Gustave Dore. The work has been in preparation for over eight years.

Dr. Francis D. Eagan has recently delivered a lecture in New York on "Ireland's Future," in which the following paragraph occurs:—

In alluding to the political future of Ireland the lecturer asserted the right of the nation to self-government, and expressed his belief that the only solution for the Irish question is a total severance of the connection with England, which, he said, had impoverished and ruined the country. He also advocated the use of armed force to effect that separation whenever it could be so prepared and organized as to offer fair prospects of success. "Irish eloquence and parliamentary agitation," said he, "have always been most effective when backed by a covered threat of warlike movement."

It is known that divorce does not exist in France. The nearest thing to it is the separation de corps, equivalent to the English judicial separation. From 1846 to 1850 the average of separations was 1,000. This gradually increased until 1866, when the number was 3,231, or exactly three times the number in thirty years. Strange to say, only fourteen in every hundred are asked for by the husband, the wife thus having eighty-six per cent. to her credit. Seventeen out of the total number do not wait for the twelvemonth to expire before trying to rid themselves of their bonds. One-third of the 3,000 live together from five to ten and another third from ten to twenty years before they ask to be separated, and upward of 500 only do so when the silver wedding approaches.

Henry A. Ferguson, an artist who has for some years resided in Venice and in the East, has recently returned to New York and taken a studio. Among his studies, he has some admirable little interiors of the Church of St. Marco in Venice, which are careful in architectural detail, true and strong in color and have neat little figures. Mr. Ferguson is now working up several of his views from the Palace of the Two Towers, where Petrarch formerly lived. One of these—a summer afternoon scene, looking over the Piazza Schiavoni, with the Custom House and santa Maria del Salute in the distance—is excellent in perspective and atmosphere, and the long lights cast by the hour are finely rendered. He is also painting a view in the vegetable market in Cairo.

The troops of the Empire seem to be making good progress in Afghanistan, and there are evidences that the people of the large towns desire the cessation of hostilities. In the meantime there is strong opposition in Parliament to

SPEECH.

OF

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE,

OF MAINE,

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

DECEMBER 11, 1878.

On the resolutions offered by him directing an investigation into alleged frauds and outrages in the recent elections.

Mr. President: The pending resolution was offered by me with a two fold purpose in view:

First. To place on record, in a definite and authentic form, the frauds and outrages by which some recent elections were carried by the Democratic party in the Southern States.

Second. To find if there be any method by which a repetition of these crimes against a free ballot may be prevented.

The newspaper is the channel through which the people of the United States are informed of current events, and the accounts given in the press represent the elections in some of the Southern States to have been accompanied by violence, if not a few cases reaching the destruction of life; to have been controled by threats that awed and intimidated a large class of voters; to have been manipulated by fraud of the most shameless and shameful description. Indeed, in South Carolina there seems to have been no election at all in any proper sense of the term. There was instead a series of skirmishes over the State, in which the polling places were regarded as forts to be captured by one party and held against the other, and where this could not be done with convenience, frauds in the count and tissue-ballot devices were resorted to in order to effectually destroy the voice of the majority. These, in brief are the accounts given in the non-partisan press of the disgraceful outrages that attended the recent elections, and, so far as I have seen, these statements are without serious contradiction. It is but just and fair to all parties, however that an impartial investigation of the facts shall be made by a committee of the Senate proceeding under the authority of law and representing the power of the nation. Hence my resolution.

But we do not need investigation to establish certain facts already of official record. We know that 106 Representatives in Congress were recently chosen in the states formerly slave-holding, and that the Democrats elected 101 or possible 102 and the Republicans 4, or possibly 5. We know that thirty-five of these Representatives were assigned to the Southern States by reason of the colored population, and that the entire political power thus founded on the numbers of the colored people has been seized and appropriated to the aggrandizement of its own strength by the Democratic party of the South.

The issue thus raised before the country, Mr. President, is not one of mere sentiment for the rights of the negro—though far distant be the day when the rights of any American citizen, however black or however poor, shall form the mere dust of the balance in any controversy; nor is the issue one that involves the waving of the "bloody shirt," to quote the elegant vernacular of Democratic vituperation; nor still further is the issue as now presented only a question of the equality of the black voter of the South with the white voter of the south; the issue, Mr. President, has taken a far wider range, one of portentous magnitude; and that is, whether the white voter of the north shall be equal to the white voter of the south in shaping the policy and fixing the destiny of this country; or whether, to put it still more baldly, the white man who fought in the ranks of the Union army shall have as weighty and influential a vote in the Government of the Republic as the white man who fought in the ranks of the rebel army. The one fought to uphold, the other to destroy, the Union of the states, and to-day he who fought to destroy is a far more important factor in the Government of the nation than he who fought to uphold it.

Let me illustrate my meaning by comparing groups of states of the same representative strength north and south. Take the states of South Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana. They send seventeen Representatives to Congress. Their aggregate population is composed of 1,051,000 whites and 1,221,000 colored; the colored being nearly 200,000 in excess of the whites. Of the seventeen Representatives, then, it is evident that nine were apportioned to these states by reason of their colored population, and only eight by reason of their white population; and in the choice of the entire seventeen Representatives the colored voters had no more voice or power than their remote kindred on the shores of Senegambia or on the Gold Coast. The 1,033,000 white people had the sole and absolute choice of the entire seventeen Representatives. In contrast, take two states in the north, Iowa and Wisconsin with seventeen Representatives. They have a white population of 2,247,000—considerably more than double the entire white population of the three southern states I have named. In Iowa and Wisconsin, therefore, it takes 132,000 white population to send a Representative to Congress, but in South Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana it takes only 60,000 white population to send a Representative. In other words, 60,000 white people in those southern states have precisely the same political power in the government of the country that 132,000 white people have in Iowa and Wisconsin.

Take another group of seventeen Representatives from the south and from the north. Georgia and Alabama have a white population of 1,158,000 and a colored population of 1,020,000. They send seventeen Representative to Congress, of whom nine were apportioned on account of the white population and eight on account of the colored population. But the colored voters are not able to choose a single Representative, the white Democrats choosing the whole seventeen. The four northern states, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, and California, have seventeen Representatives, based on a white population of 2,250,000, or almost double the white population of Georgia and Alabama; so that in these relative groups of states we find the white man south exercises by his vote double the political power of the white man north.

Let us carry the comparison to a more comprehensive generalization. The eleven states that formed the Confederate government had by the last census a population of 9,500,000 of which in round numbers 5,500,000 were white and 4,000,000 colored. On this aggregate population seventy-three Representatives in Congress were apportioned to those states—forty-two or three of which were by reason of the white population, and thirty or thirty-one by reason of the colored population. At the recent election the white Democracy of the south seized seventy of the seventy-three districts, and thus secured a Democratic majority in the next House of Representative. Thus it appears that throughout the states that formed the late Confederate government 75,000 whites—the very people that rebelled against the Union—are enabled to elect a Representative in Congress, while in the loyal states it requires 132,000 of the white people that fought for the Union to elect a Representative. In levying every tax, therefore, in making every appropriation of money, in fixing every line of public policy, in decreeing what shall be the fate and fortune of the Republic, the Confederate soldier south is enabled to cast a vote that is twice as powerful and twice as influential as the vote of the Union soldier north.

But the white men of the south did not acquire and do not hold this superior power by reason of law or justice, but in disregard and defiance of both. The fourteenth amendment to the Constitution was expected to be and was designed to be a preventive and corrective of all such possible abuses. The reading of the clause applicable to the case is instrustive and suggestive. Hear it:

Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

The patent, undeniable intent of this provision was that if any class of voters were denied or in any way abridged in their right of suffrage, then the class so denied or abridged should not be in the basis of representation; or in other words, that no state or states should gain a large increase in representation in Congress by reason of counting any class of population not permitted to take part in electing such Representatives. But the construction given to this provision is that before any forfeiture of representation can be enforced the denial or abridgment of suffrage must be the result of a law specifically enacted by the state. Under this construction every negro voter may have his suffrage absolutely denied or fatally abridged by the violence, actual or threatened, of irresponsible mobs, or by frauds and deceptions of state officers from the Governor down to the last election clerk, and then, unless some state law can be shown that authorizes the denial or abridgment, the state escapes all penalty or peril of reduced representation. This construction may be upheld by the courts, ruling on the letter of the law, "which killeth," but the spirit of justice cries aloud against the evasive and atrocious conclusion that deals out oppression to the innocent and shields the guilty from the legitimate consequences of willful trans-transgression.

The colored citizen is thus most unhappily situated; his right of suffrage is but a hollow mockery; it holds to his ear the words of promise, but breaks it always to his hope, and he ends only in being made the unwilling instrument of increasing the political strength of that party from which he received ever tightening fetters when he was a slave and contemptuous refusal of civil rights since he was made free. He resembles, indeed, those unhappy captives in the East, who, deprived of their birthright, are compelled to yield their strength to the upbuilding of the monarch from whose tyrannies they have most to fear, and to fight against the power from which alone deliverance might be expected. The franchise intended for the shield and defense of the negro has been turned against him and against his friends, and has vastly increased the power of those from whom he has nothing to hope and everything to dread.

The political power thus appropriated by southern Democrats by reason of the negro population amounts to thirty-five Representatives in Congress. It is massed almost solidly and offsets the great state of New York; or Pennsylvania and New Jersey together; or the whole of New England; or Ohio and Indiana united; or the combined strength of Illinois, Minnesota, Kansas, California, Nevada, Nebraska, Colorado, and Oregon. The seizure of this power is wanton usurpation; it is flagrant outrage, it is violent perversion of the whole theory of Republican government. It leures solely to the present advantage, and yet, I believe, to

fury, loss of position, exclusion from Parliament rather than the great agitator himself should be less than a British subject; and Mr. Macaulay warned him that they would never suffer him to be be more. Let me now remind you that the Government under whose protecting flag we sit to-day sacrificed myriads of lives and expended thousands of millions of treasure that our countrymen of the south should remain citizens of the United States, having equal personal rights and equal political privileges with all other citizens. And I venture, now and here, to warn the men of the south, in the exact words of Macaulay, that we will never suffer them to be more!

William H. Webb, James P. Foster, and other gentlemen who are interested in a company that has applied to the Aldermen of New York city for permission to lay pipes in the streets to heat the public buildings and private dwellings by the Pratt system, were heard by the Aldermen's Committee on Public Works. Their heating is to be done by hot Water. They are willing to give to the city for the use of the streets five per cent. of their net profits, or a fixed sum for every foot of pipe laid; to heat the public buildings for forty per cent. less than is now paid for that service; to supply the steam to clean the streets from snow; and to give a $50,000 bond as a guarantee to replace the pavements where they may be taken up, and a similar bond as security against accidents.

There is the retort mild and the retort terrible. The former is apt to close the lips to further conversion, but the latter makes one wish that he had never been born. A distinguished M. D., thinking to say something complimentary to a fascinating widow, one of his patients, placed his pulpy hand on her well-rounded shoulder, and, with a poetic sigh, exclaimed, "This is the nicest and softest place in the world for a weary head to rest on." She turned quickly on him, and replied, "Doctor, give me your hand and I will put it on a still softer place," whereupon she speedily put his hand on his own bald pate. He was convinced that it is never to late to learn.

Suggested by James Parton's Marriage.

I married a widow who had a grown up step-daughter. My father visited my house very often, fell in love with my step-daughter, and married her. So my father became my son-in-law, and my step-daughter my mother, because she was my father's wife. Some time after my wife had a son; he was my father's brother-in-law, and my uncle; for he was the brother of my step-daughter. My father's wife, *i. e.* my step-daughter, also had a son; he was, of course, my brother, and in the meantime, my grandchild, for he was the son of my daughter. My wife was my grand-mother, because she was my mother's mother. I was my wife's husband and grand child at the same time, and, as the husband of a person's grandmother is his grandfather, I was my own grandfather.

Memphis Regaining her Prosperity.

The opinion that Memphis would lose much of its former business through the entire suspension of business during the epidemic, is fast being dispelled from the minds of the people. Scarce a month has elapsed since the resumption of business, and even now a stranger visiting Memphis can hardly realize that the dire scourge, which has caused the expenditure of such vast amounts of money, and the destruction of so many valuable lives, ever existed within its midst.

BLACKSMITH

AND

HORSE - SHOEING.

I HAVE OPENED A SHOP AT THE corner of Market and Seventeenth streets, where I am prepared to shoe horses and mules, repair carts, wagons, buggies and carriages—both wood and iron work. I hope my old friends will remember me when they have any work in my line. I guarantee satisfaction in price and quality of work.

RICHARD WATERS.

oct 17

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 BBLS FLOUR, of various brands.

200 HDS SUGAR, of sundry grades.

100 TCS AND BBLS HAMS, Shoulders and Sides.

50 BBLS LARD, Refined.

200 BBLS AND HHDS MOLASSES.

Call on or address me at once

ADRIAN S. VOLLERS

HOME MADE CANDIES.

WARRANTED PURE, AND FLAVORED with the very finest Essential Oils of Lemon, Lemon, Clover, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Sassafras, Wintergreen, Aniseed and Hoarhound Herb. A full supply of Bananas, Oranges and Apples, on hand.

S. G. NORTHROP'S,

Fruit and Confectionery Store.

march 1

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R

Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 9, 1878.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday Nov 10th, 1878, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. R. R. road will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	9 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	1:00 P. M
Leave Weldon daily at	3:32 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	9:22 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	9 10 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3.53 A. M
Leave Weldon daily, at	2.00 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at	8:15 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5.00 P. M. daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond.

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

nov 10—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 11, 1877

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON and after Sunday, Nov. 11th, the following schedule will be run on this road

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	8.35 A M
Arrive at Florence	12 35 P M
Leave Florence	4 59 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	8.59 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington	9.42 P. M
Leave Florence	1.32 A. M
Arrive at Columbia	5.25 A M
Leave Columbia	10.50 P. M
Leave Florence	2. 57 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6.37 A. M

This Train will only stop at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion, Florence, Timmonsville, Sumter and Eastover, between Wilmington and Columbia.

Through Freight Train Daily (except Sundays.)

Leave Wilmington	11 00 A M
Leave at Florence	7.00 P. M
Arrive at Columbia	3 10 A. M
Leave Columbia	12.15 A M
Leave Florence	8.00A M
Arrive at Wilmington	4 00 P M

Passengers for Augusta and beyond should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

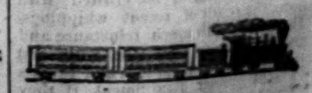
Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.

nov 10—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sep. 17, 1878.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1,	Leave Wilmington	7.00 A. M.
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2.00 P. M.
	" Charlotte at	5.30 A. M.
No. 2,	Leave Charlotte at	7.30 P. M.
	Arrive at Hamlet at	10.30 P. M.
	" Wilmington at	5.30 P. M.

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS.

No. 9,	Leave Charlotte	7.00 A. M.
	Arrive at Shelby	11.00 A. M.
No. 10,	Leave Shelby	2.00 P. M.
	Arrive at Charlotte	5.30 P. M.

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones provided to carry Passengers.

W. G. NIXON,

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 22, 1878.

STATE ITEMS.

They are organizing a sporting club at Warrenton and are buying breech loaders, spring traps and glass balls.

Capt. Blocker made a raid on the tobacco dealers of Lumberton last week and seized some 15 or 20 boxes of tobacco that was not properly stamped.

The legislature will have to elect about one thousand new magistrates. There are 850 townships and 2 816 magistrates in the state. The terms of over 900 of these will soon expire.

The *Gazette* says Elenton has a very excellent military company and an elegant band, but no fire company or organization. That ancient burg is a little behind the times, and is liable to find its antiquity by a smart fire.

The Hickory *Press* says that a new company has been formed near that place for the manufacture of wagons. They make everything from the raw material—hubs, spokes, shafts &c. &c. This is a move in the right direction.

It is not believed that the Common School system of this state is the best that could be desired—indeed, it is by those who are competent judges pronounced to be a fraud upon thes whom the object is to benefit (poor children the state,) and no less the tax payers—and should be abolished, and re-organization introduced. Doubtless, the attention of the Legislature will be directed to this all-important question early in the session.—*Statesville American.*

Dr. Collett, of this place, performed a surgical operation on a Mrs. Dobson, of McDowell county, which is rare for this backwoods country. He took out the left jaw at the junction with the skull and the chin up to the eye tooth on the right side of the face. We don't know the medical language in which to describe it further, but we are reliably informed that the patient is doing well and can masticate "as if nothing had occurred."—*Blade.*

The invention of that Superior and Complete Sewing Machine (The Family Shuttle Machine), marks one of the most important eras in the history of machinery, and when we consider its great usefulness and extremely low price ($25), it is very difficult to conceive of any invention for domestic use af more or even equal importance, smooth, and quiet movement, rapid execution, certainty of opperation, and delightful ease, that at once commends st above all others. The working parts are all steel; the bobbins hold 100 yards of thread; the stitch is the firmest of all stitches made, neat and regular, and can be regulated in a moment to sew stitches from an inch in length on course material down to the finest, so infinitesimal as to be hardly discernable with the noked eye, and with a rapidity rendering it impossible to count them as fast as made; it does to perfection all kinds of heavy, coarse, plain, fine, or fancy needle-work with ease and far less labor than required on on other machines It needs no commendation, the rapid sales, increasing demand, and volunteer encomiums from the press, and the thosands of families who use them, amply testify to their undoubted worth as a standard and reliable honsenold necessity, extending iis podulality each day. TLis popular machine can be examined at the office of this paper. AGETS WANTED by this company. Address them for information. FAMILY SHUTTLE MACHINE CO.,755 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 10 t.

Maggie Mitchell has adopted th children of her brother and sister-in law, who died at Memphis of yellow fever.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARKER & TAYLOR,

DEALERS IN

Kerosene Oil, Stoves, Metals, Guns,

Lanterns, Fairbank's Scales,

PUMPS, BRASS AND IRON ROSIN STRAINERS.

DIPPERS AND SKIMMERS.

Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

No. 19 FRONT STREET,

Jan 11 1y WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOHN WERNER, Formery of Richmond Va. H. C. PREMPERT, Formerly of Goldsboro, N. C.

WERNER & PREMPERT,

Personally in attendance at

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House, and No. 7 South Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

☞ Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE
FOR SEMINAL WEAKNESS
—AND—
"SEMINAL PASTILLE"

A recovery in Medical Science entirely New and specially effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Applications to the principal seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostrate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, &c. &c., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a ... box, enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail prepaid for $5.—Two boxes, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases) $8.—Three boxes (lasting three full months, with printed directions, and rec ... in the worst cases, $7.—Full DIRECTIONS for ... will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Testimonials ... which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fully discharge the duties of life, even if it never effected.

... sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G. CHEMISTS,
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dec 8—tf.

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

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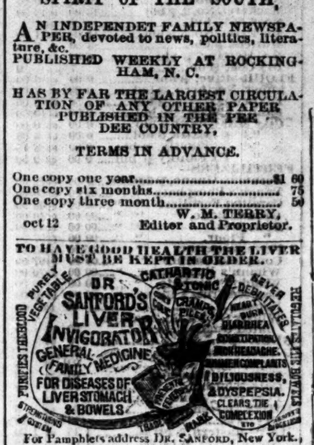

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Dry Cod, ℔ lb	7½@ 0
FLOUR—Fine, ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 6 00
Super, Northern, ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 7 00
Extra do, " ℔ bbl	7 50 @ 8 00
Family " ℔ bbl	9 50 @10 50
City Mill—Super ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 0 00
" Extra ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 8 00
" Family ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 8 75
" Ex Family ℔ bbl	0 00 @ 9 50
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano, ℔ 2000 lbs	57 00 @62 00
Baugh's Phosphate "	00 00 @60 00
Carolina Fertilizer "	50 00 @65 00
Ground Bone, "	00 00 @40 00
Bone Meal "	00 00 @45 00
" Flour, "	00 00 @57 00
Navassa Guano, "	55 00 @63 00
Complete Manure "	55 00 @67 00
Whann's Phosphate "	00 00 @70 00
Wando Phosphate, "	00 00 @70 00
Berger & Bruta's Bhos. "	60 00 @00 00
Phœnix	00 @ 00
Wilcox Gibbs & Co., manipulated Guano	00 @ 60
GLUE—℔ lb	9 @ 15
GRAIN—Corn, store, ℔ 56 lbs	77½@ 82½
Corn, cargo, ℔ 56 lbs	62½@ 66
Corn, yel., ℔ bushel	83½@ 89
Oats, ℔ bushel	50 @ 95
Peas, cow, ℔ bushel	1 00 @
HIDES—Green, ℔ lb	04 @ 5
Dry, ℔ lb	10 @ 10½
HAY—Eastern, ℔ 100 lbs	1 15 @ 1 20
North River, ℔ 100 lbs	1 00 @ 1 10
HOOP IRON—℔ ton	75 00 @80 00
LARD—Northern ℔ lb	00 @ 11½
North Carolina ℔ lb	00 @ 12½
LIME—℔ bbl	1 45 @
LUMBER—City steam sawed—	
Ship stuff, resawed, ℔ M ft	18 00 @20 00
Rough edge plank, ℔ M ft	00 00 @15 00
West India cargo, according to quality, ℔ M ft	14 00 @18 00
Dressed flooring, seasoned	18 00 @35 00
Scantling and boards, common, ℔ M ft	13 00 @16 00
MOLASSES—Cuba, hhd ℔ gal	43 @ 45
Cuba, bbls, ℔ gal	00 @ 48
Sugar house, hhds, ℔ gal	00 @ 29
" bbls ℔ gal	00 @ 31
Sugar Syrup, bbls, ℔ gal	40 @ 80
NAILS—Cut, 4d to 20d, ℔ keg	3 00 @ 3 75
OILS—Kerosene, ℔ gal	20 @ 21
Lard, ℔ gal	1 10 @ 1 45
Linseed, ℔ gal	0 90 @ 1 00
Rosin, ℔ gal	30 @ 40
PEANUTS—℔ bushel	0 75 @ 0 90
POTATOES—Sweet, ℔ bush	90 @ 1 00
Irish, Northern, ℔ bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
PORK—Northern, city mess	10 00 @10 00
Thin, ℔ bbl	00 00 @00 00
Prime, ℔ bbl	15 00 @16 00
Rump, ℔ bbl	00 00 @16 00
RICE—Carolina, ℔ lb	0 @ 7¾
East India, ℔ lb	00 @ 00
Rough, ℔ bushel	0 00 @ 0 75
RAGS—Country, ℔ lb	1 @ 2½
City ℔ lb	1½@ 2
ROPE ℔ lb	0 @ 22
SALT—Alum ℔ bushel	75 @ 00
Liverpool, ℔ sack	0 85 @ 0 87½
American, ℔ sack	0 00 @ 85
SUGAR—Cuba, ℔ lb	8½@ 00
Porto Rico, ℔ lb	10 @ 00
A—Coffee, ℔ lb	12 @ 00
B— " ℔ lb	11½@
C— " ℔ lb	10½@
Ex C— " ℔ lb	11½@ 11½
Crushed ℔ lb	00 @ 12½
SOAP—Northern, ℔ lb	5 @ 0 7½
SHINGLES—Contract, ℔ M	4 00 @ 6 00
Common, ℔ M	2 50 @ 3 00
Cypress saps ℔ M	6 50 @
Cypress hearts, ℔ M	9 50 @
TAR—W O bbl, ℔ M	19 00 @20 00
R O hhd, ℔ F	00 00 @00 00
Cypress, ℔ M	00 00 @00 00
TALLOW—℔ lb	8 @
TIMBER—Shipping, ℔ M	11 00 @13 00
Mill, prime, ℔ M	8 00 @ 9 00
Mill, fair ℔ M	6 50 @ 7 00
Inferior to Ordinary, ℔ M	4 00 @ 0 00
WHISKEY—Northern, ℔ gal	1 00 @ 5 00
North Carolina, ℔ gal	1 75 @ 2 50
WOOL—Unwashed, ℔ lb	18 @ 30
Unwashed, ℔ lb	38 @ 39

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1879.

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	Par Val	Selling
Bank of New Hanover Stock	25	29
First National Bank	100	100
Wilmington Building Stock	00	91
Mechanics' " "	00	91
Navassa Guano Co	000	110
N C Bonds—Old Ex-Coupon	21	
Do Funding 1868	15	
Do " 1868	14	
Do New	12	
Do Special Tax	06	
Do to N C Railroad	42	
W & W R Bonds 7 pc (Gold Int)	90	
C C R R Bonds 8 pc	70	
Wilmington City Bonds, 8 pc	70	
" " 7 pc	85	
" " old 6 pc's	60	
" " new 6 pc's (Gold Int)	50	
" " 8 pc	80	" "
New Hanover Co Bonds (10 years) 6 pc (Gold Int)	70